

# Optimization of pre-mRNA exon editing for efficient rescue of protein expression

American Society for Gene and Cell Therapy, 2022 Annual Meeting  
abstract 829

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May 18<sup>th</sup>, 2022

ascidian

Disclosure: Employee and shareholder of Ascidian Therapeutics

# Gene therapy promises cures for many diseases, but has limitations

Limited cargo capacity  
of AAV



Over 300 disease genes with  
coding sequences > 4.7 kb that  
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## Diverse spectrum of patient mutations



Base editing is not feasible

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Difficulty controlling gene  
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cell types



Safety risks of over- and ectopic-expression



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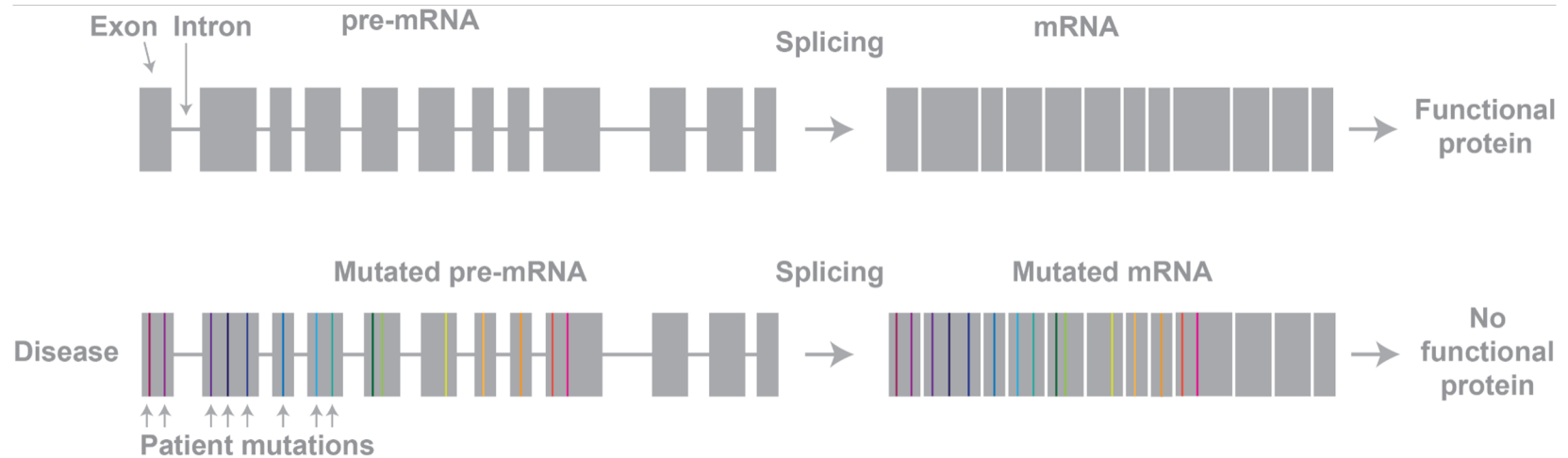
Safety risks of over- and ectopic-expression

Exon editing has the potential to overcome these limitations

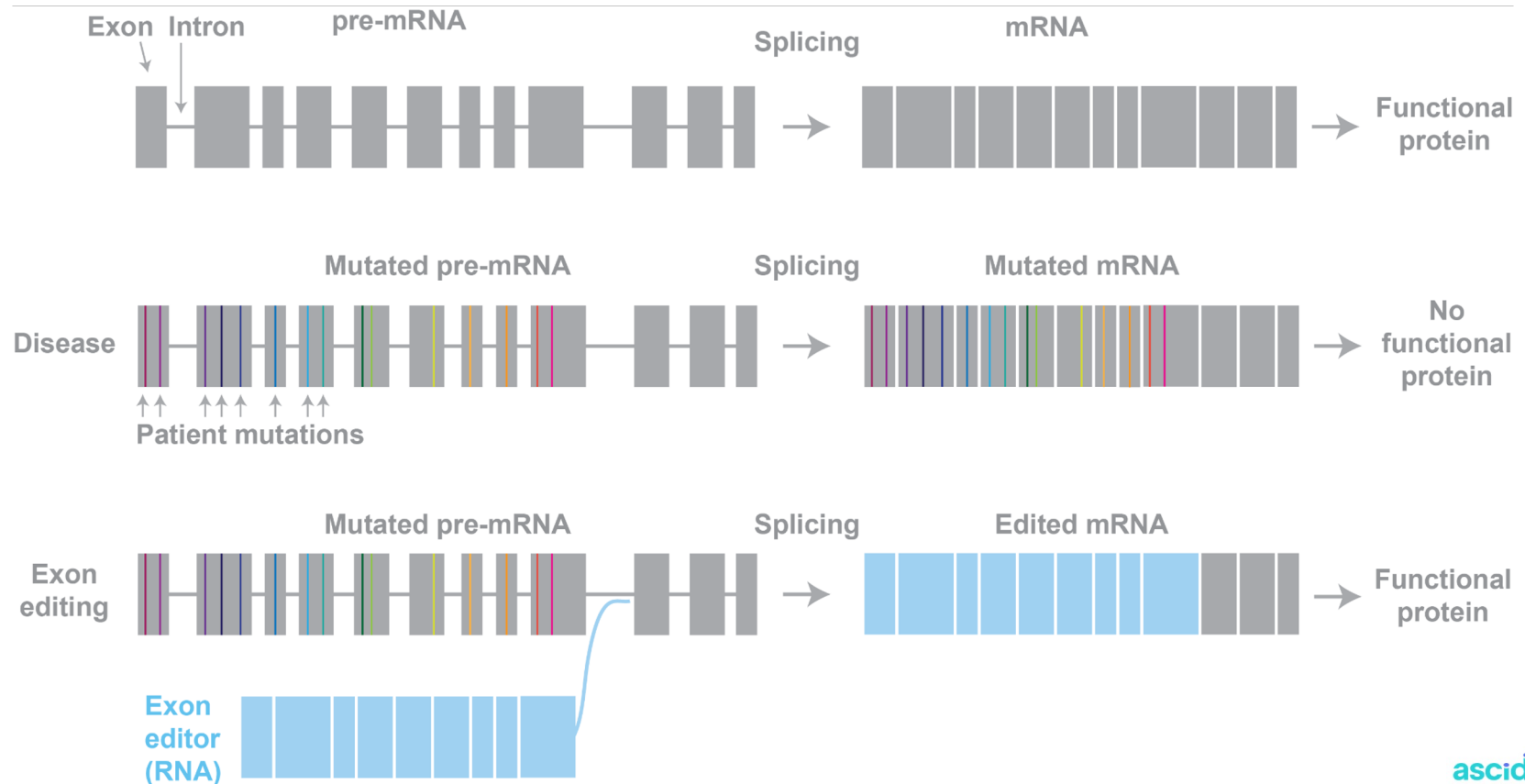
# Exon editing offers solutions to gene therapy limitations



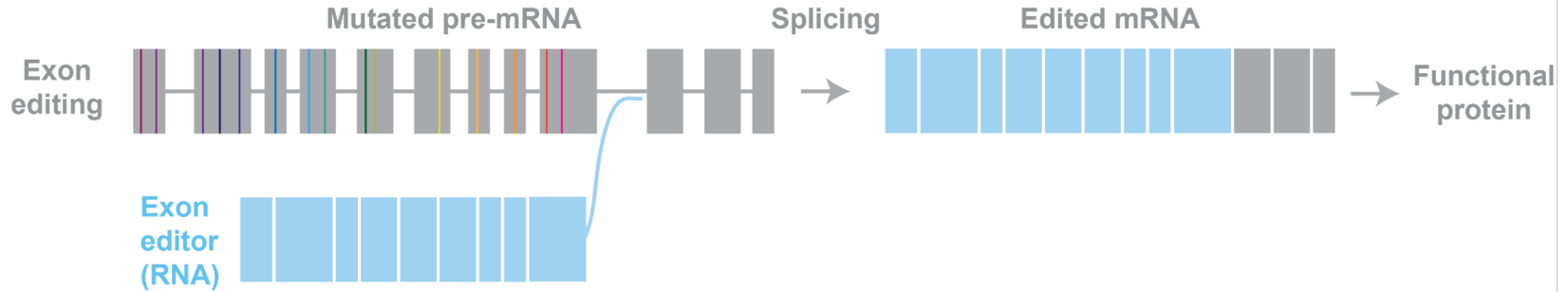
# Exon editing offers solutions to gene therapy limitations



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# Exon editing offers solutions to gene therapy limitations



Limited cargo capacity  
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Only need to replace mutated  
exons

Diverse spectrum  
of patient mutations



Single exon editor can replace  
multiple exons

Difficulty controlling gene  
expression in different  
cell types



Expression level and cell-type  
specificity are determined by the  
target

## Early pre-mRNA trans-splicing work had important limitations

- Editors tested in artificial context
- Efficiency challenges
- Limited *in vivo* studies

Disease	Gene	Date(s) of report
Duchenne muscular dystrophy	<i>DMD</i>	2007, 2010
Dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa	<i>COL7A1, K14</i>	2007, 2013
Huntington's disease	<i>HTT</i>	2012, 2017
Cystic fibrosis	<i>CFTR</i>	2001, 2002, 2007
Spinal muscular atrophy	<i>SMN2</i>	2003, 2013, 2014
Dysferlinopathies / Titinopathies	<i>DYSF / TTN</i>	2005
Retinitis pigmentosa	<i>RHO</i>	2008
X-linked immunodeficiency with hyper-IgM	<i>CD40L</i>	2004

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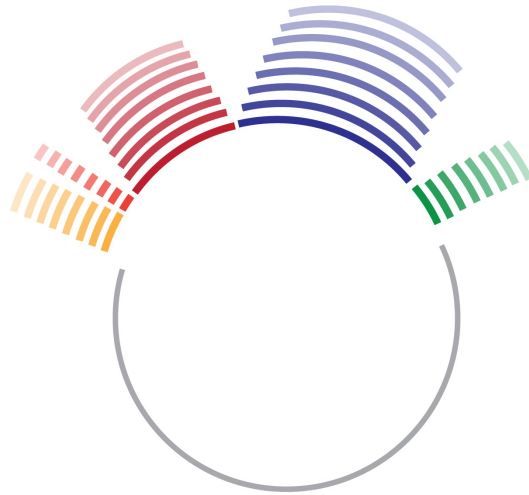
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How can we make improved exon editors?

# Advances in synthetic biology and next generation sequencing enable a high-throughput exon editing assay

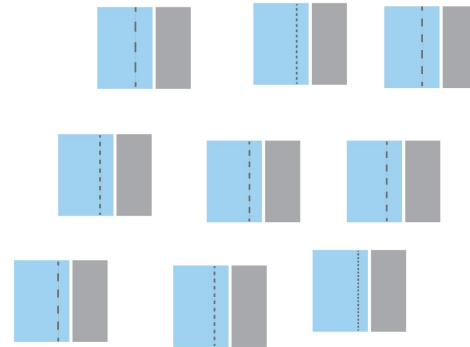
## Building exon editors



Exon editor  
plasmid  
library

## Testing exon editors

Edited mRNAs  
(each with different barcode)



Barcoded RNA-seq



## Retinal disease gene *ABCA4* excellent candidate for exon editing

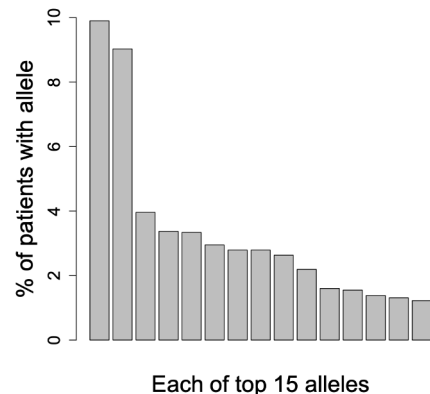


- Mutations in *ABCA4* cause retinal degeneration and progressive vision loss
- The CDS of *ABCA4* (6.8kb) exceeds the AAV capacity
- Mutations are distributed throughout the gene

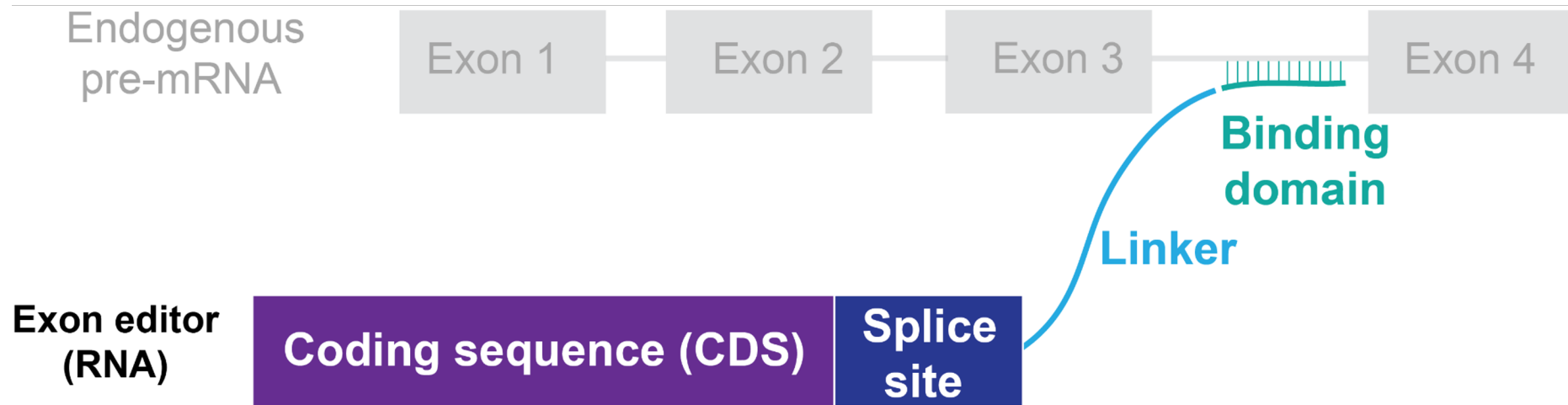
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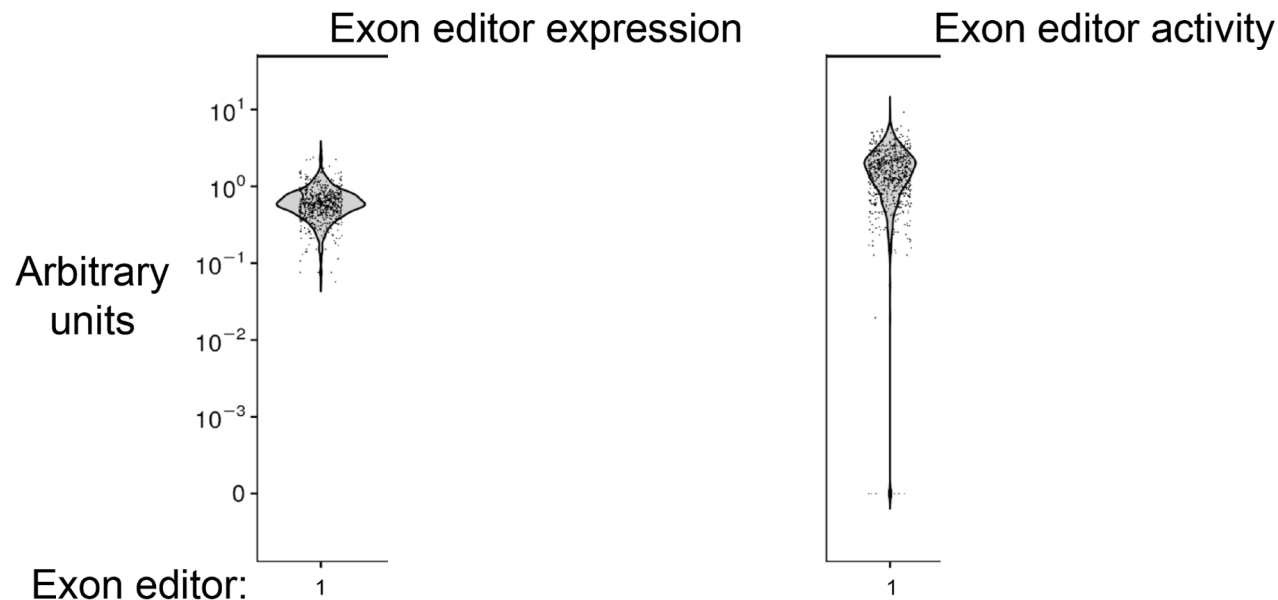
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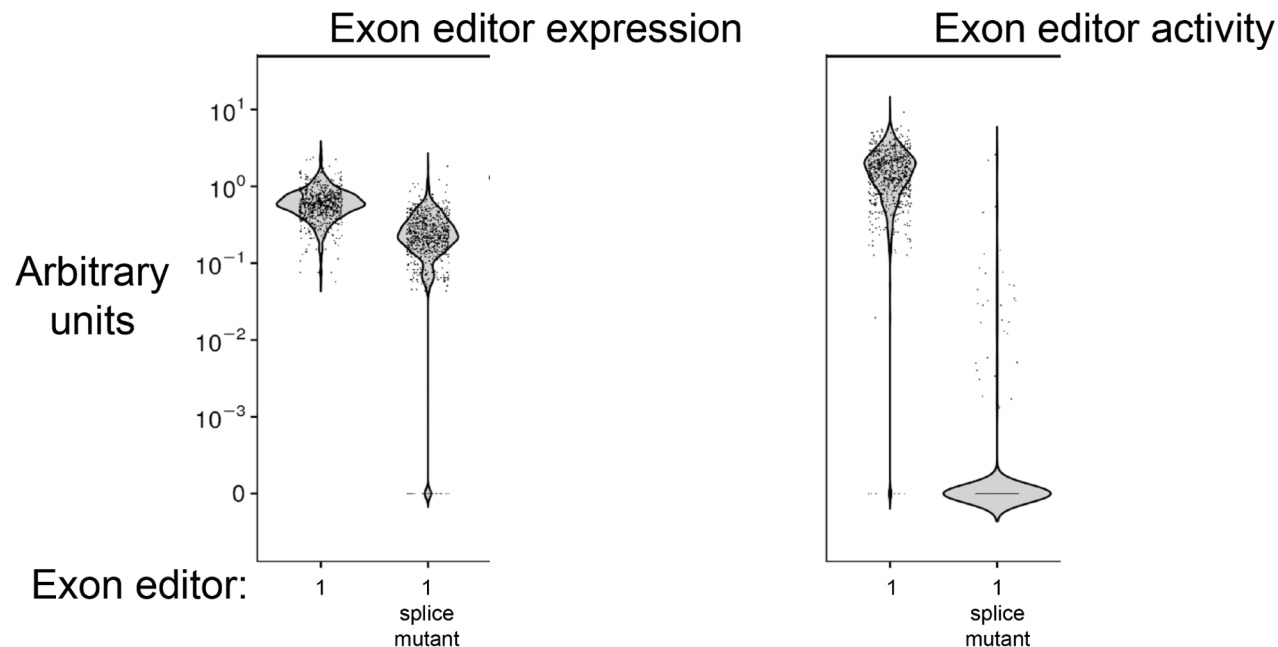
## Essential components of an exon editor: Coding domain sequence, splice site, linker and binding domain



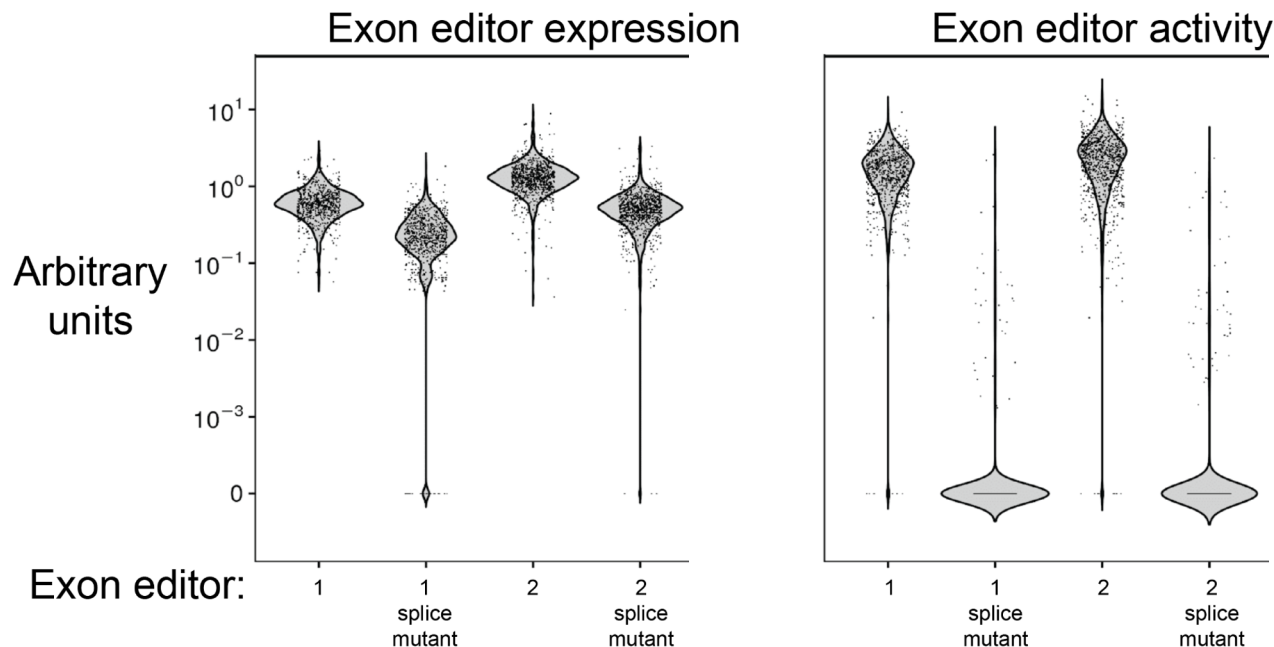
# Establishing the screening engine: a high-throughput exon editing assay



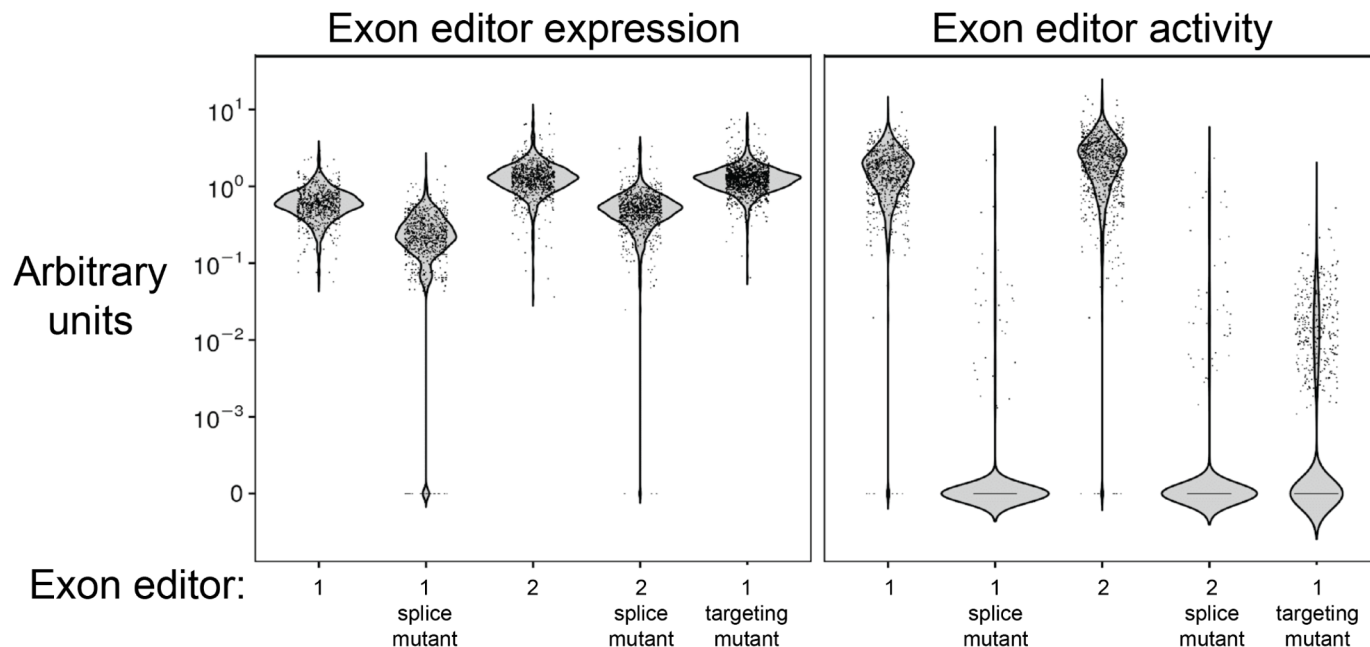
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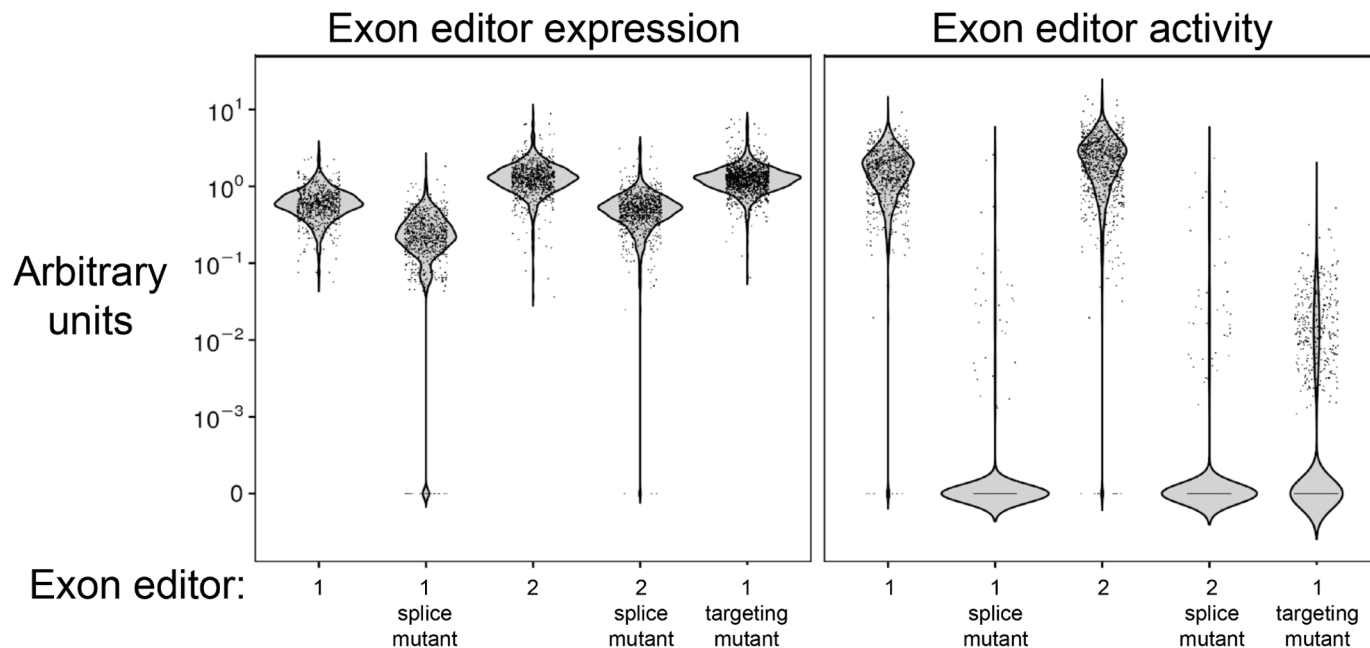
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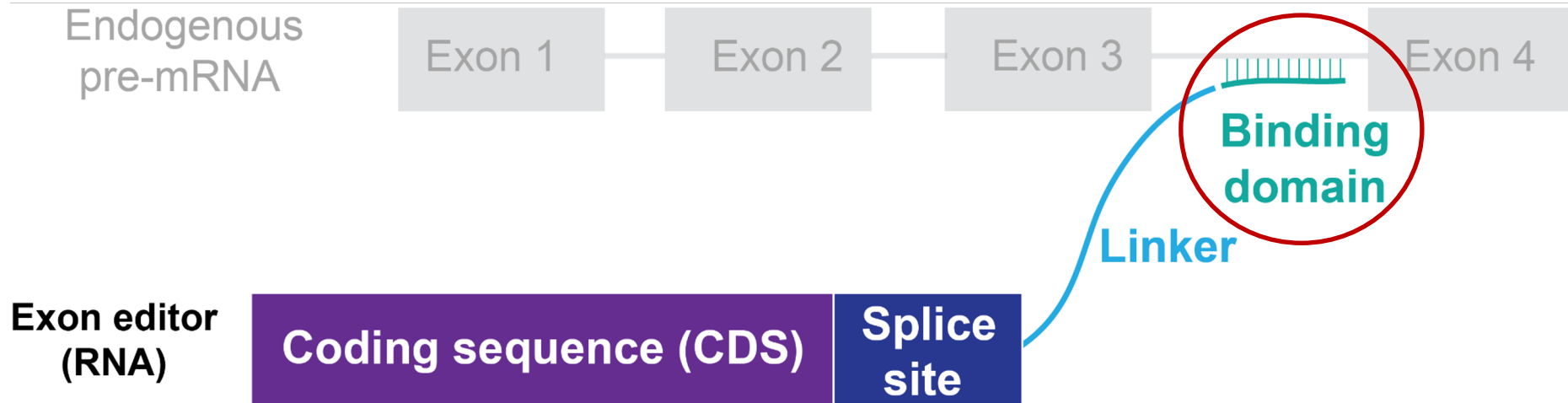
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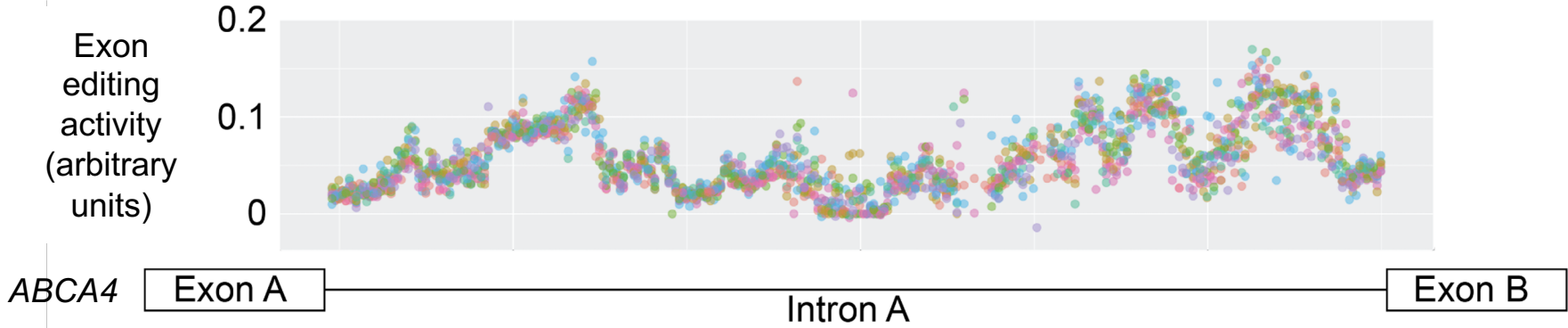
Libraries of thousands of exon editors assayed in a single experiment



Base pairing between the binding domain and target intron recruits the exon editor to the target

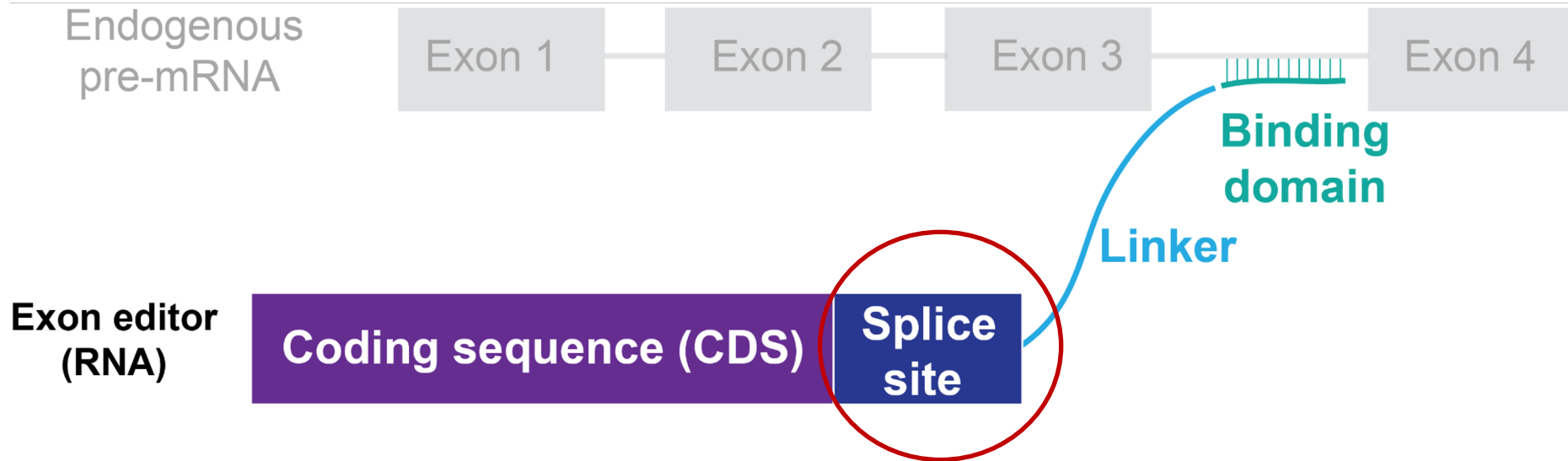


# Targeting different positions along an intron reveals the best binding domains



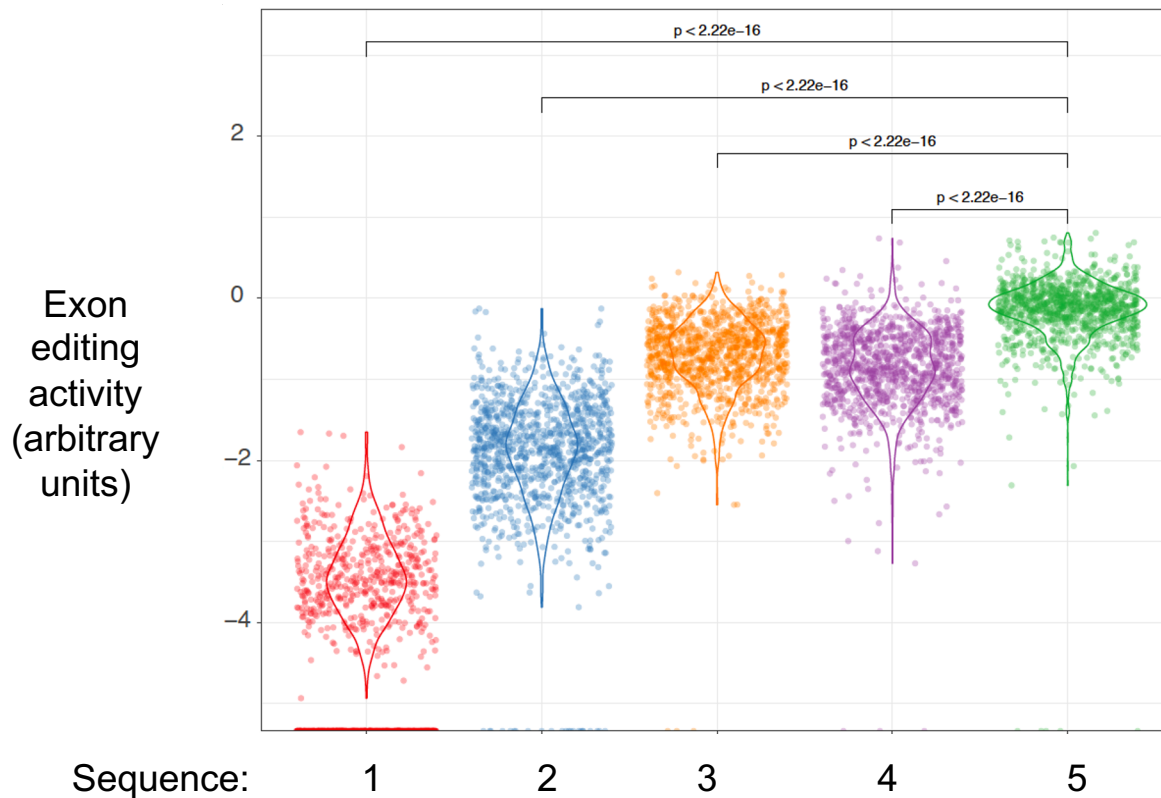
- >2,000 exon editors
- Tiled every 5 nt along the intron

The splice site of the exon editor recruits the spliceosome and is essential for exon editing

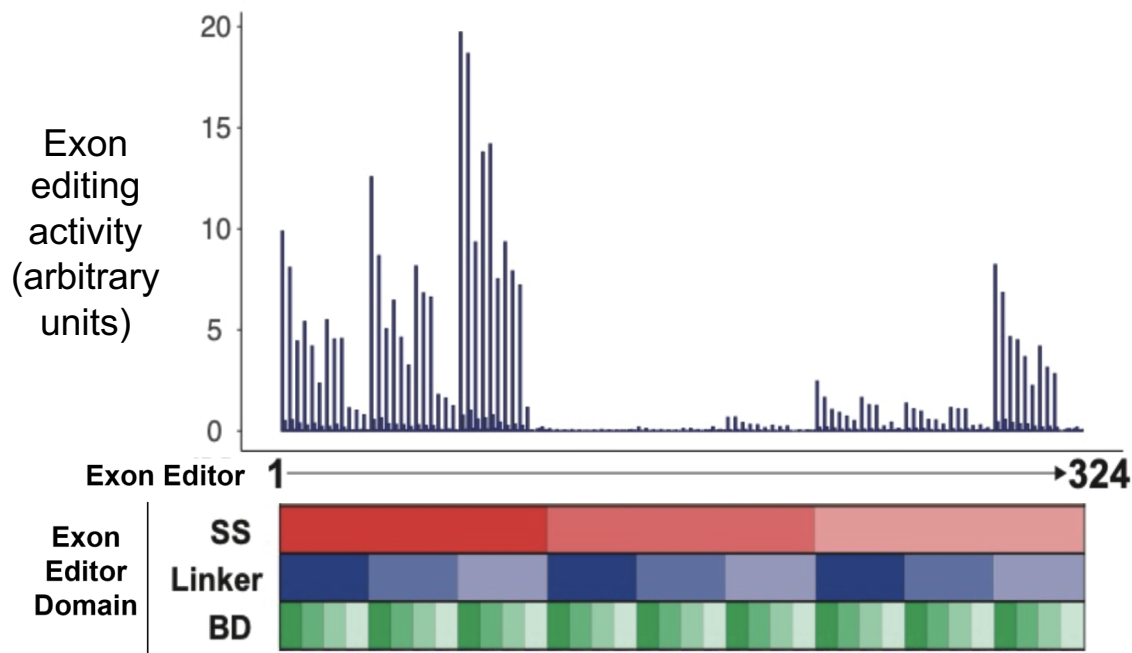


# The splice site is critical for exon editor activity

- 5 different splice sites
- 550 linkers



# Testing optimized components in combination identifies highest performing editors



What percent of *ABCA4* is replaced by our exon editors?

$$\frac{\text{Exon-edited } ABCA4 \text{ mRNA}}{\text{Total } ABCA4 \text{ mRNA}} \times 100$$

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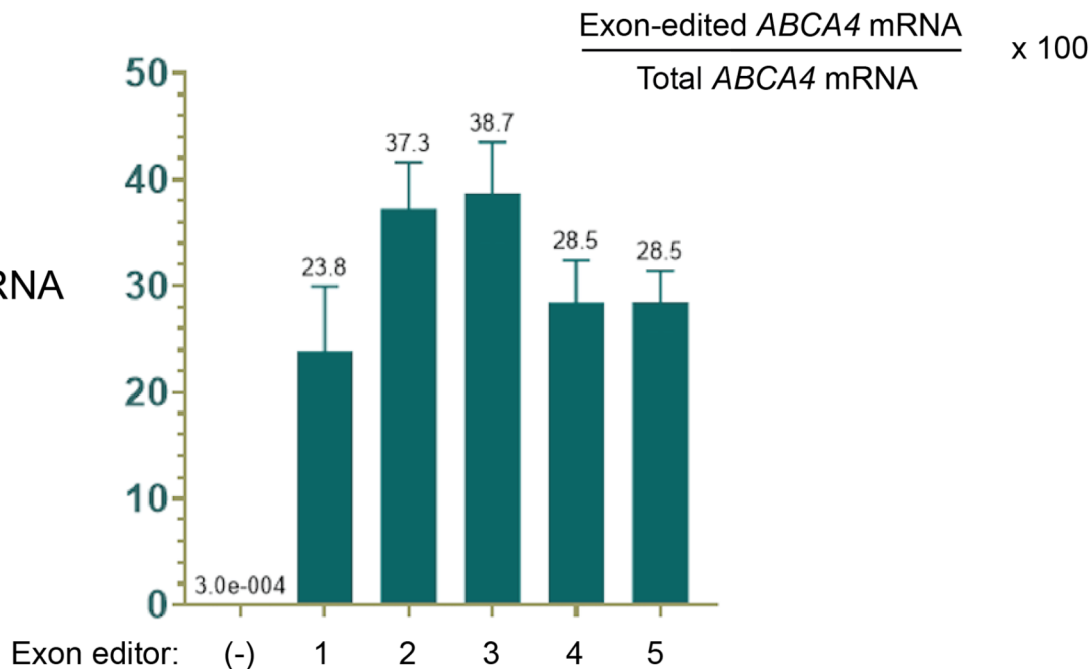
- AAV transduced exon editors in to cultured human cells
- qPCR to quantify copy number of mRNA

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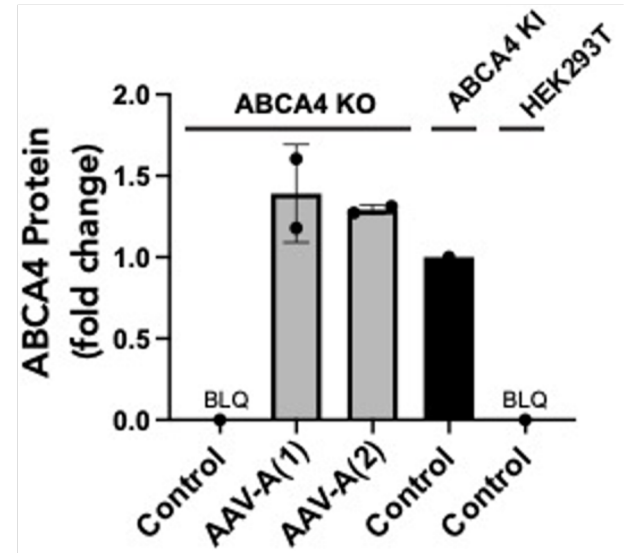
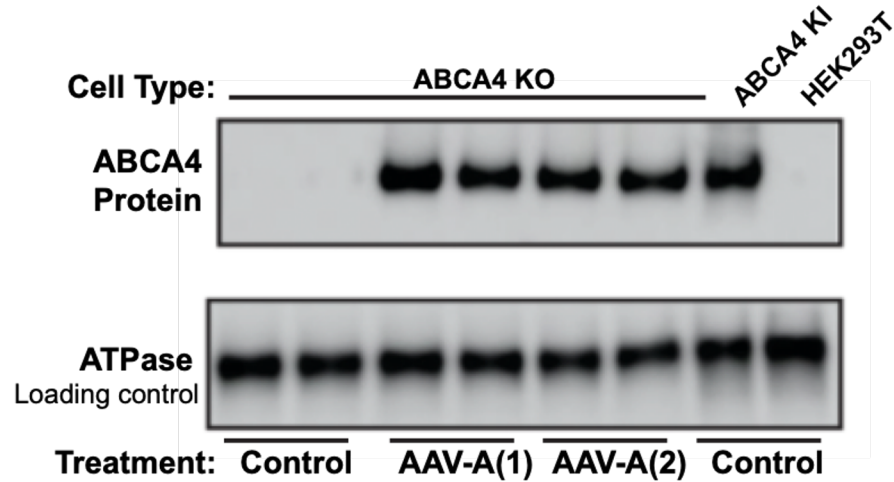
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% of *ABCA4* mRNA  
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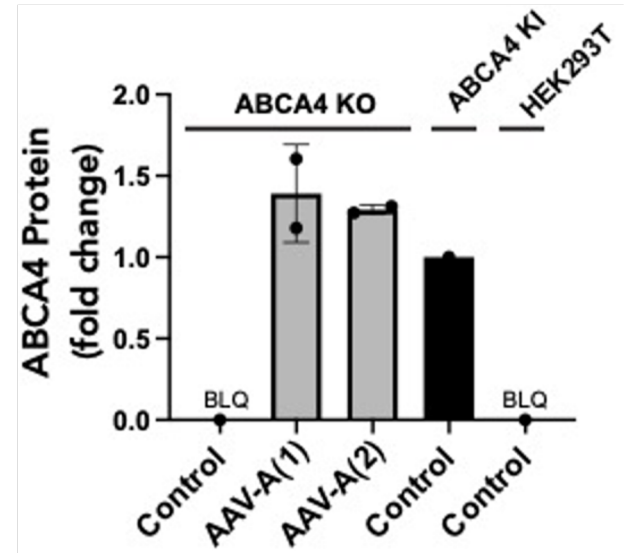
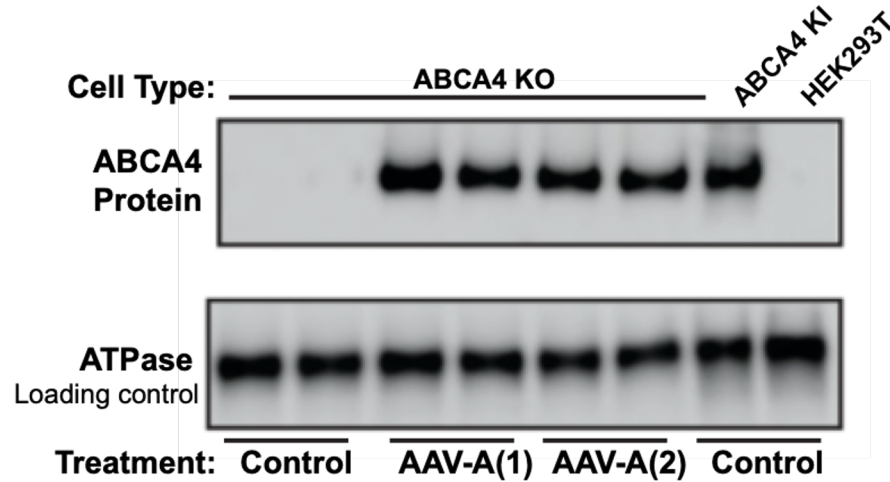




# Edited mRNA restores wild-type ABCA4 protein expression in knock-out cells *in vitro*



# Edited mRNA fully restores wild-type ABCA4 protein expression in knock-out cells *in vitro*

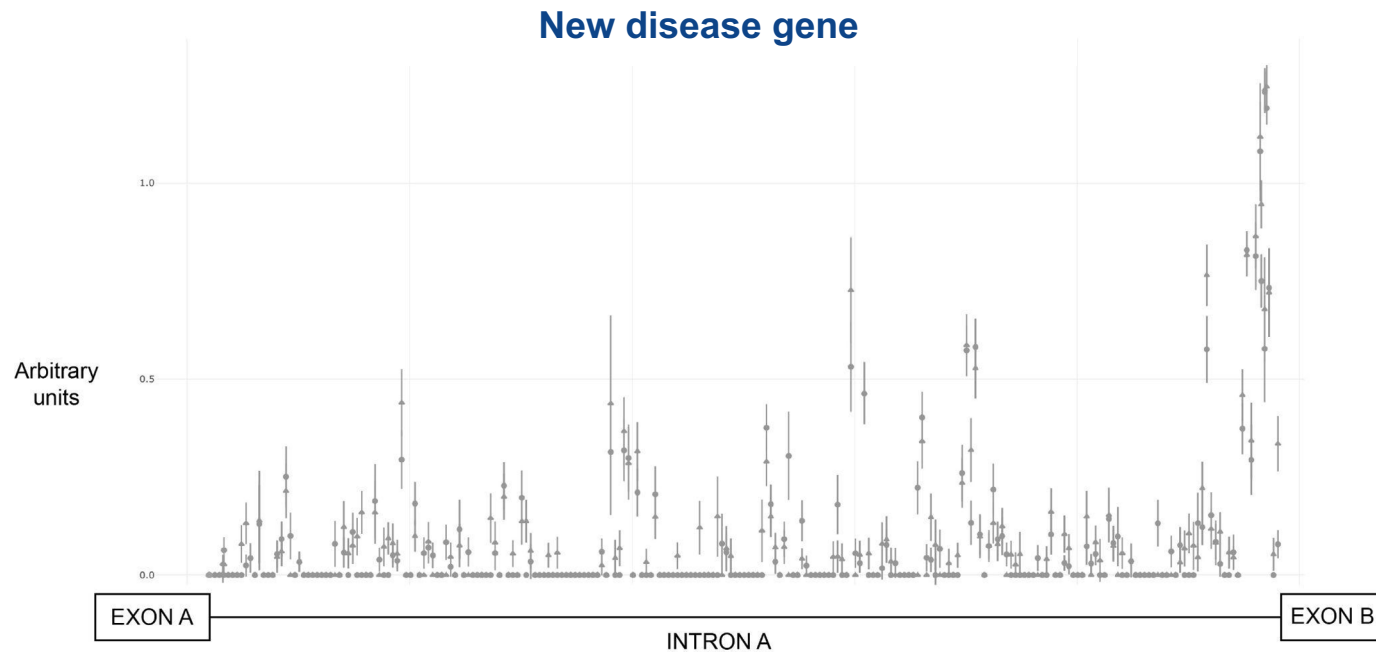


Full rescue of protein expression in knock-out cells

# Summary

- Ascidian has established the first high throughput RNA exon editing Screening Engine
  - RNAseq-based assay capable of testing thousands of exon editors in a single experiment
- *ABCA4* is an excellent candidate for initial testing of this engine:
  - Too large to fit into AAV capsid envelope
  - High mutational variance
  - Significant area of unmet medical need
- *ABCA4* exon editors were optimized via iterative testing in the screening engine
- Optimized *ABCA4* exon editors have achieved potentially therapeutic levels of efficiency
- Further development of exon editing therapeutics is warranted by these results

## Expanding exon editing to other genes ...



# Acknowledgements

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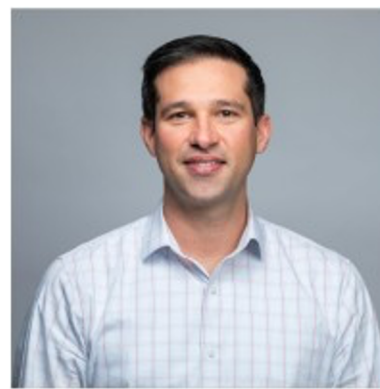


Abstract 300

Dr. Rebekka Krumbach

*Evaluation of ABCA4 RNA  
Exon Editing and  
Replacement in Non-  
Human Primate*

Monday (5/16) 5:30 -  
6:30PM



Abstract 1217

Dr. Robert Bell

*A Large-Scale Exon Editing  
Solution for Treating Genetic  
and Complex Disorders*

Thursday (5/19) 10:45AM